

# **MEMS**Land

*Cost Effective MEMS to Develop a Sustainable High Tech Business*



# **Point-One**

**Pole of innovative technology on nanoelectronics and embedded systems**

# Business carrier: MEMS oscillators

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Corporate Innovation & Technology, Research

# MEMS Oscillator team, partners

## Partners:

- NXP I&T, Eindhoven, Leuven, Nijmegen
- TU Eindhoven + Stan Ackermans Institute (TOIO's)
- Bruco
- TU Delft

# Quartz resonators: *the “beating heart” of electronics*

## THE electronic timing reference for:

- Radio broadcasting (since 1926)
- Watches (since 1969)
- Clock signal for logic circuits

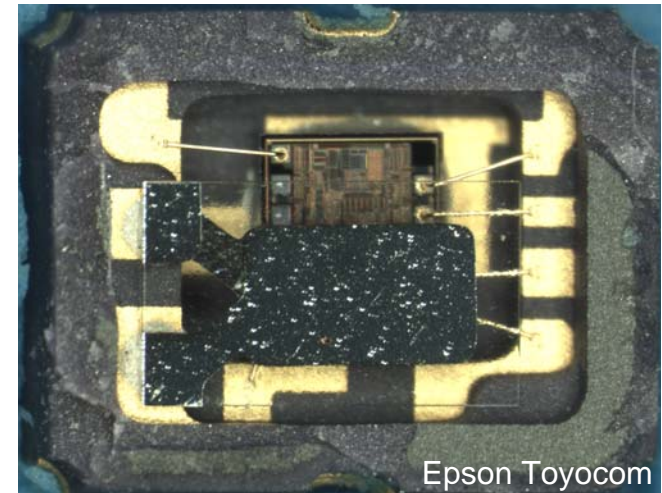


## Pros

- Crystals can be cut to have (almost) zero temperature drift
- Very high Q-factor
- Piezoelectric

## Cons:

- Relatively large due to crystal size and packaging
- Relatively expensive
- Problematic integration in SoC or SiP
- Single frequency
- Limited to ~100MHz



# How do you make a MEMS resonator?

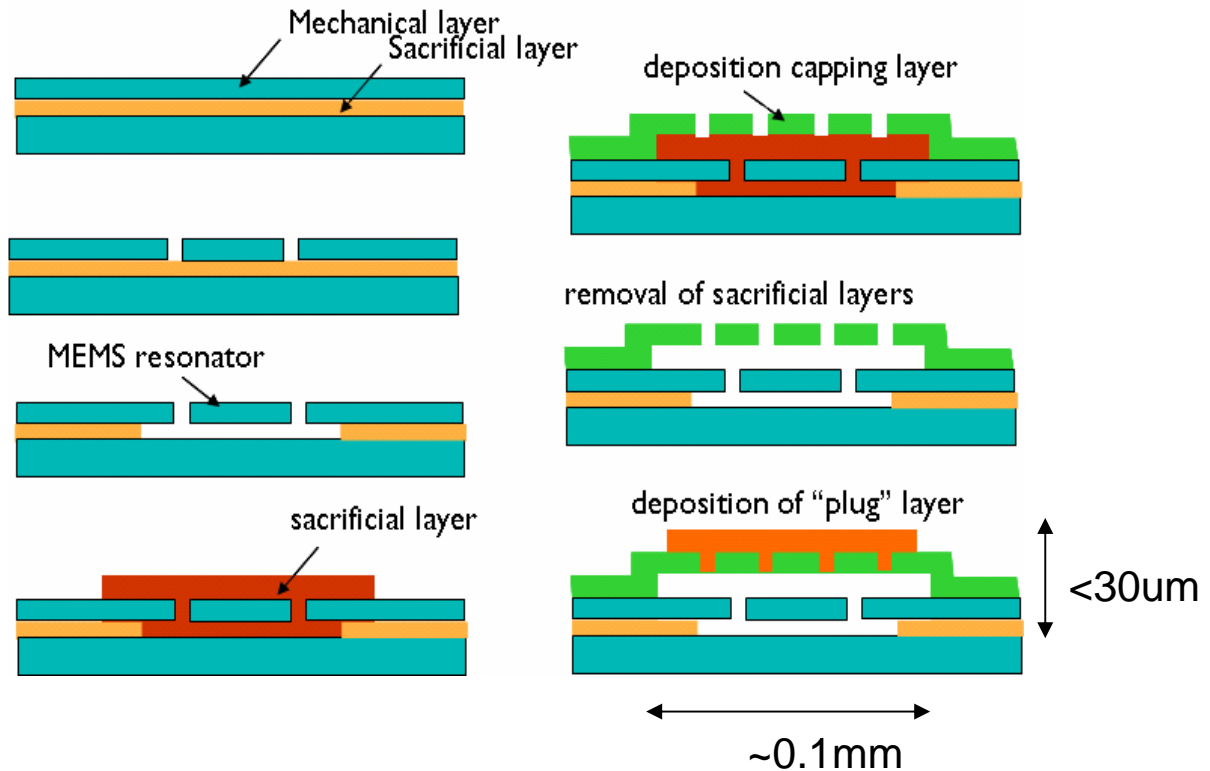
Inexpensive process flow  
small no. mask layers

No impact on packaging  
and assembly

No special materials  
required

Hardly any equipment  
investments

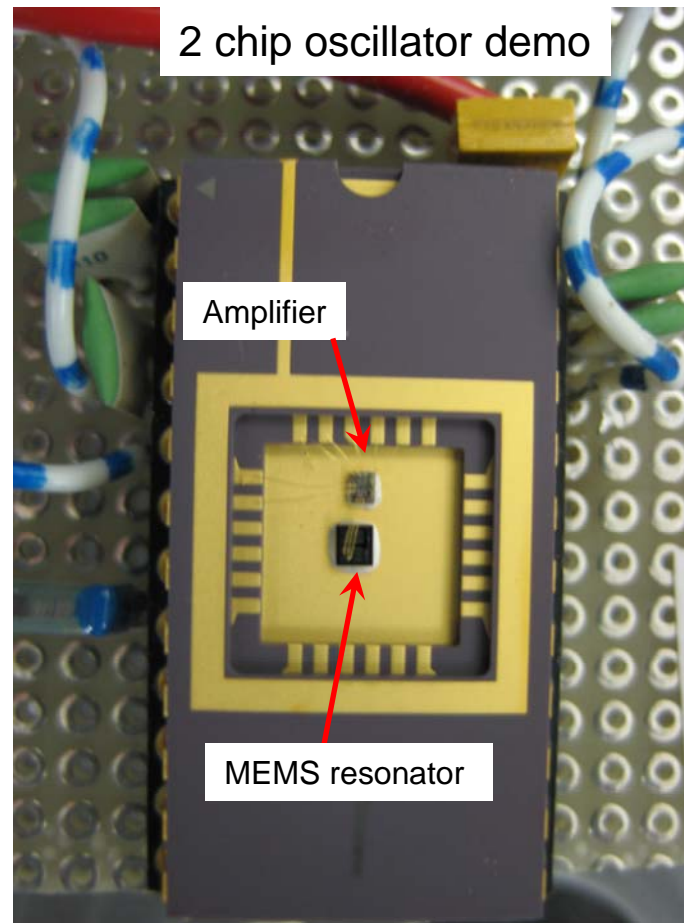
Can be embedded  
in existing CMOS flow



# Technical Progress Summary

- Phase noise measured of 56 MHz osc demo
- Temperature drift cancelation demonstrated
- Vacuum packaging improved
- Back-end wafer process flow under development
- Ultra-low power driver IC for RTC designed and tested

# 56 MHz oscillator demonstrator



Source: Joep Bontemps, SAI,  
Alessandro Murrioni, NXP

# Noise benchmark

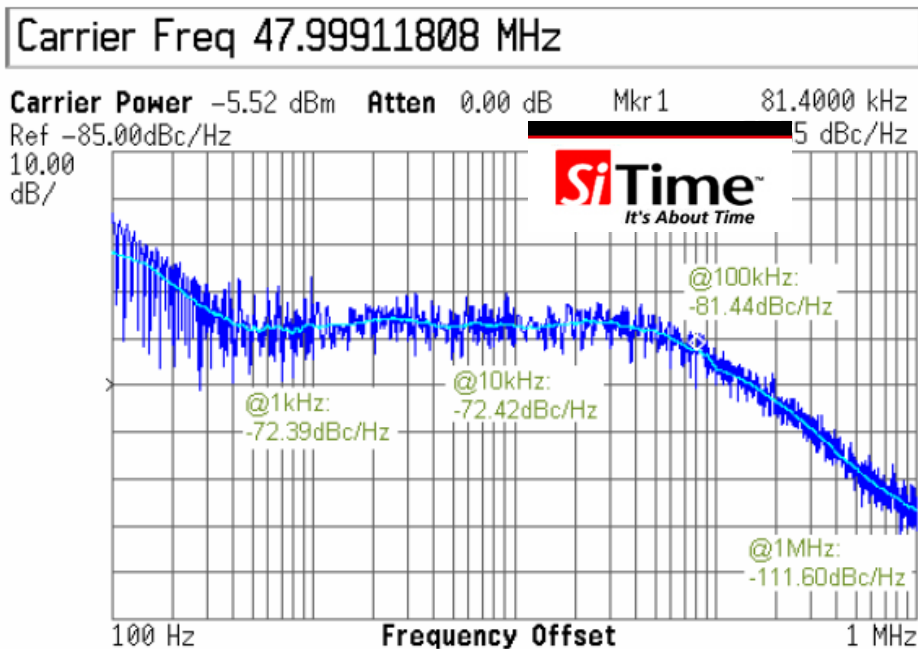
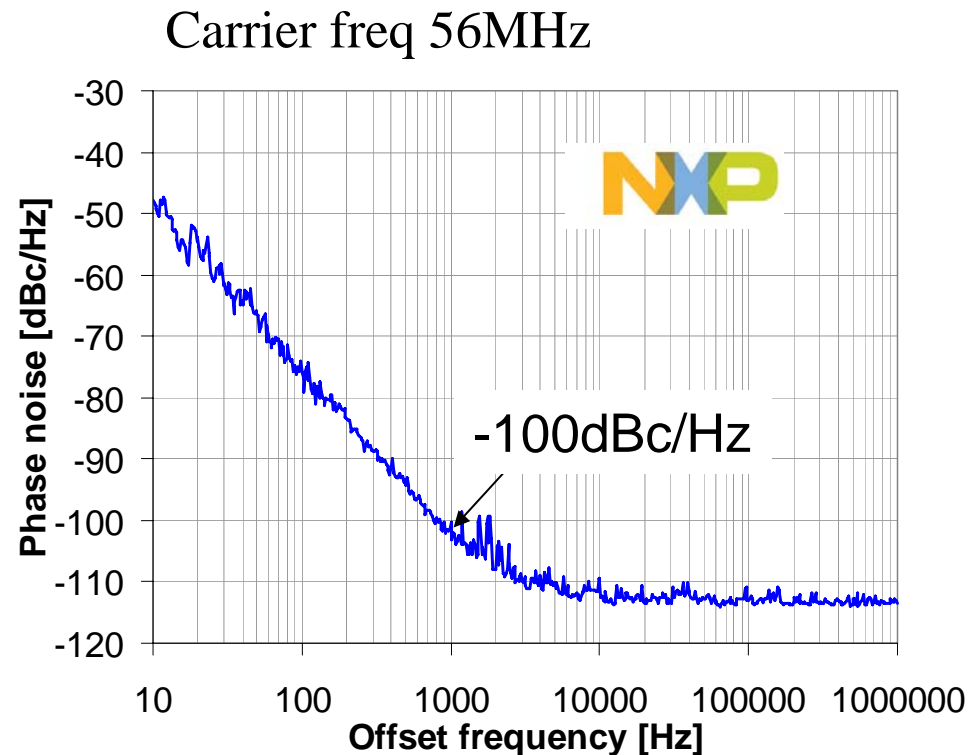


Figure 4 - Noise figure for 48MHz oscillators

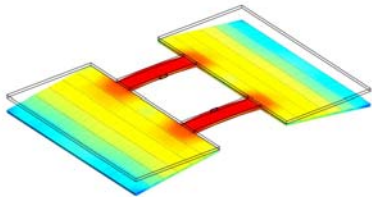


Source: Joep Bontemps, SAI,  
Alessandro Murrioni, NXP

# Measurement results resonant pressure sensors

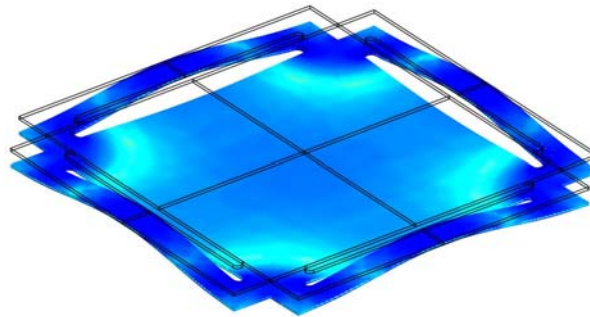
- Quality factor measurements on VibrantiN2 resonators as a function of nitrogen pressure.

‘Dog bone’



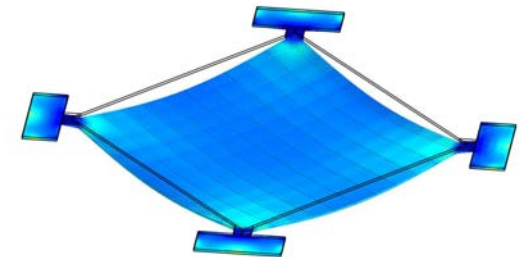
$$f_0 = 175 \text{ kHz}$$
$$Q_{\text{vac}} = 4.1 \cdot 10^3$$

‘Switch’



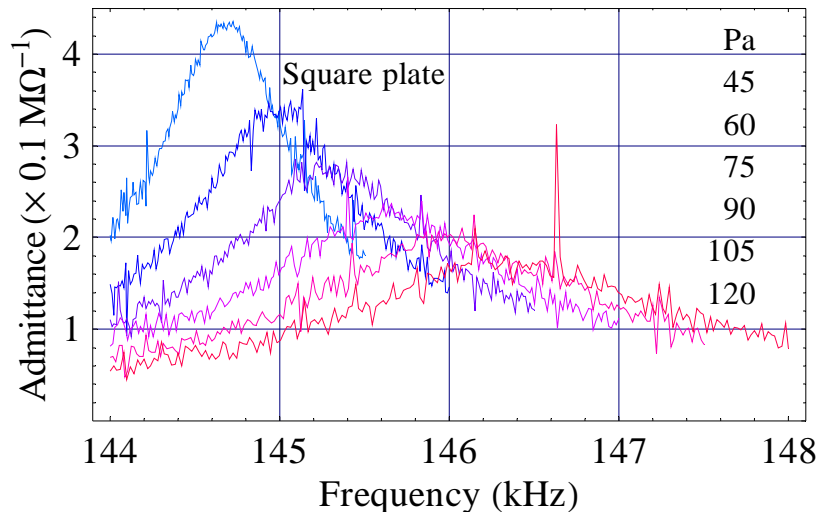
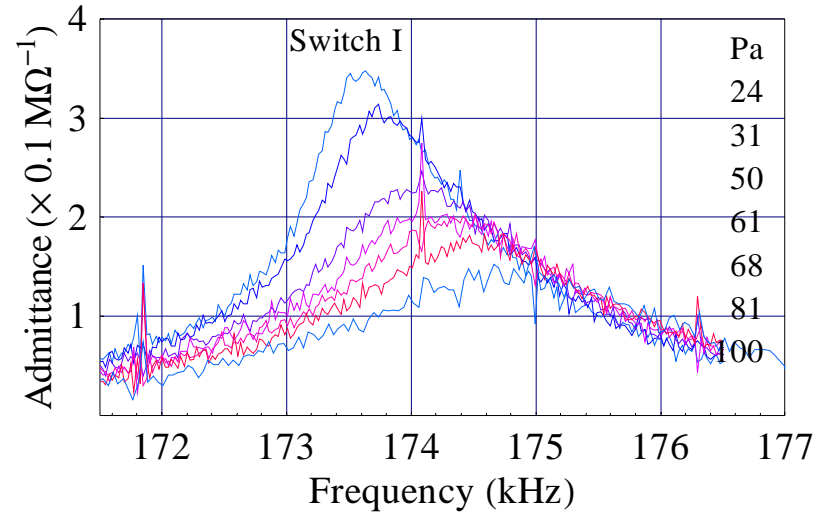
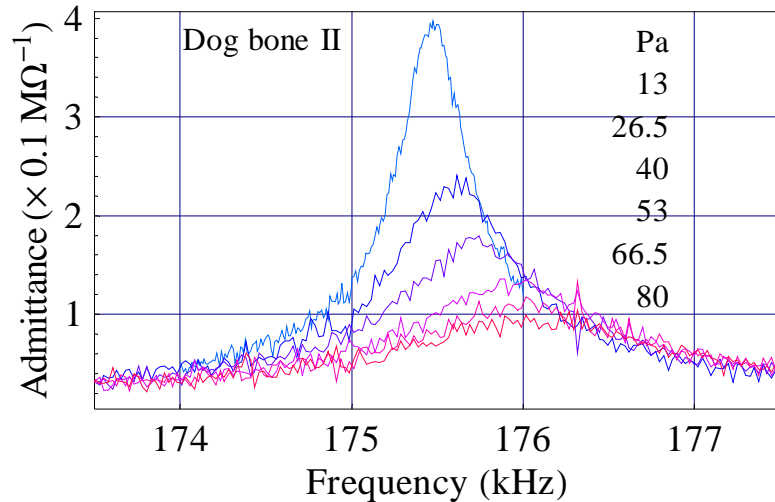
$$f_0 = 173 \text{ kHz}$$
$$Q_{\text{vac}} = 1.5 \cdot 10^3$$

‘Square plate’



$$f_0 = 144 \text{ kHz}$$
$$Q_{\text{vac}} = 1.2 \cdot 10^4$$

# Results pressure sensitivity



Device	$1/f \Delta f / \Delta p$ (ppm/Pa)
'Dog bone'	40
'Switch'	80
'Square plate'	140

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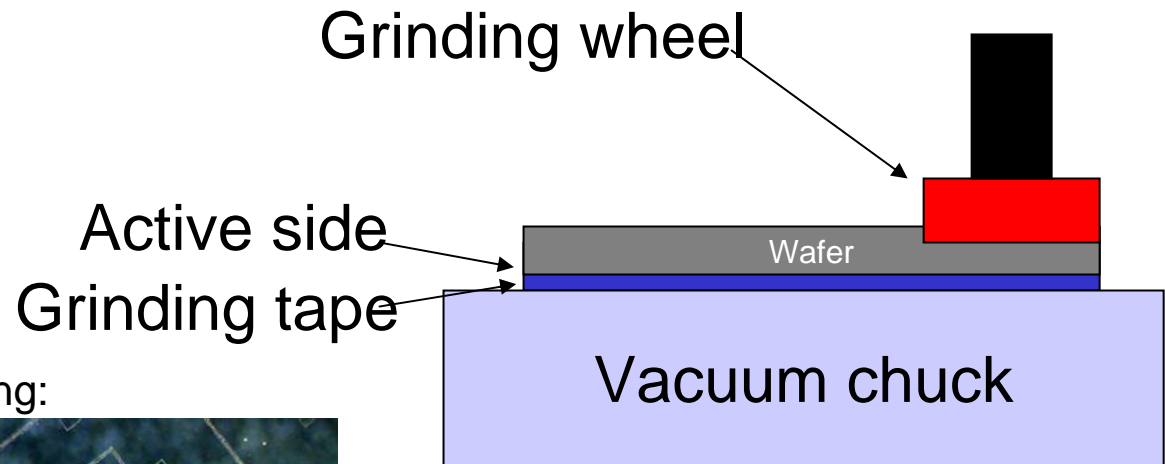
# Other results

- Article analytical model for squeeze film damping at free molecular flow (accepted; to appear in Sens. Actuators A)
- Direct Simulation Monte Carlo (DSMC) routine for squeeze film diffusion – results showing very good agreement with observations on device Q-factors
- New device design on VibrantiN3 tape out featuring a.o. pressure read-out functionality on piezo-resistive demonstrator of Joep Bontemps

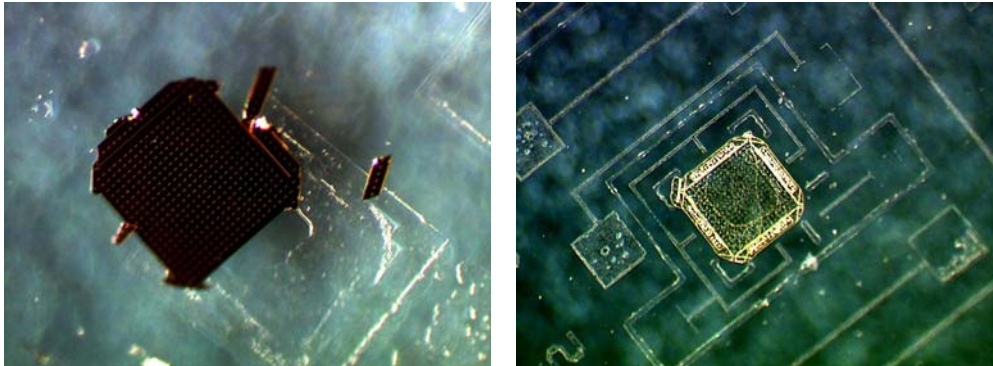
## Wafer back grinding of WLTFP

### Grinding process

- Apply tape to the **active** side of the wafer
- Flip the wafer on the grinding vacuum chuck (tape side down)
- Grinding operation
- Remove tape



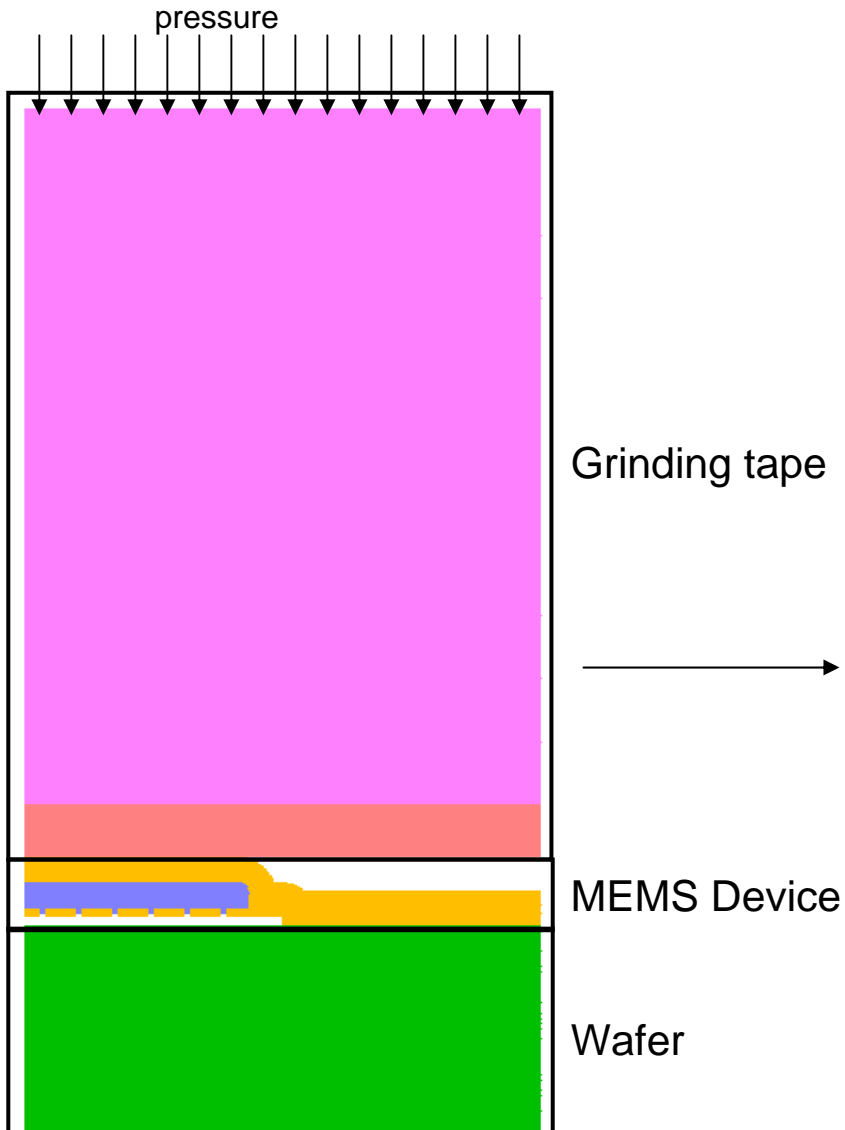
Damage due to taping and detaping:



Pictures depict the grinding tape with pieces of resonator sticking to them

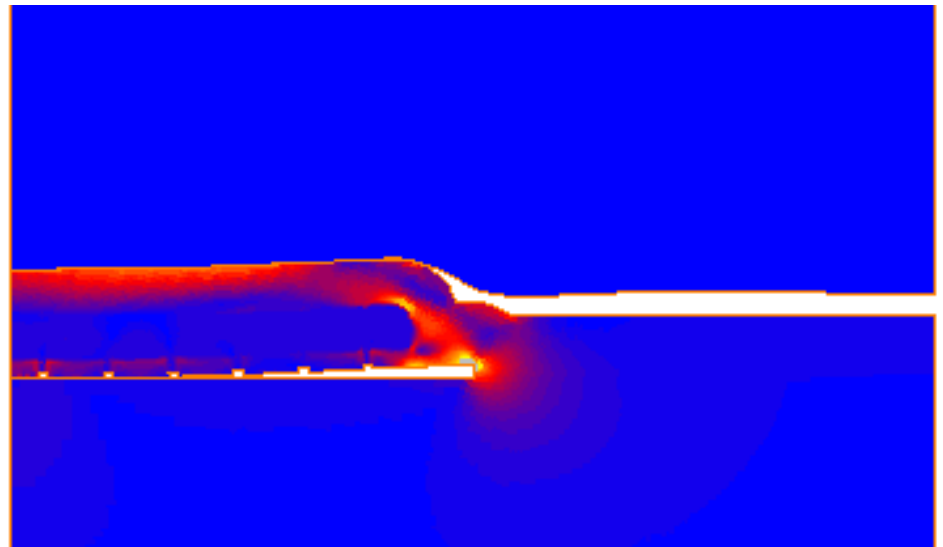
Source: Jeroen Zaal, TUD

## Model: tape application



Possible improvement actions:

- Investigate different tapes
- Lower grinding pressure
- Strengthen geometry



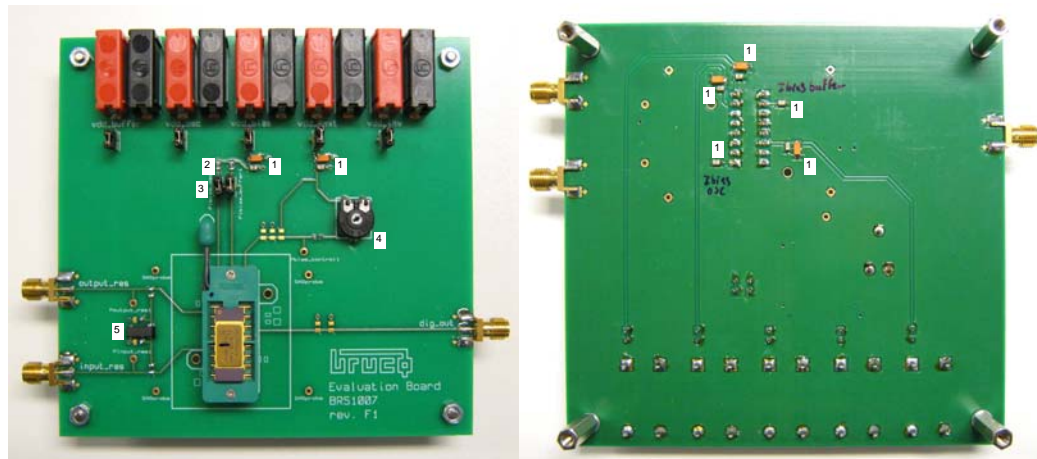
Source: Jeroen Zaal, TUD

## WP2 contributions by BRUCO for NXP (MEMS RTC oscillator)

- Activities since last consortium meeting:
  - Evaluation of an oscillator-core and buffer circuit for RTC applications.
  - Patent application text filed: “Ultra low power three points oscillator”.
- Chip is only functionally tested (because no MEMS resonators are available yet.)
  - Chip: CMOS14 process, 1.8V supply voltage.

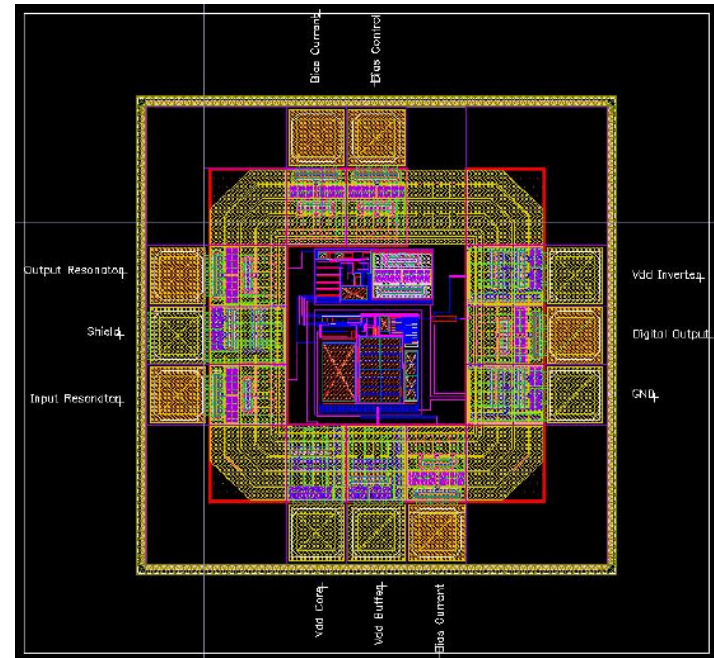
# Cont'd WP2 contributions BRUCO

- Results of the evaluation:
  - Power consumption: less than 1  $\mu$ W.
  - Can handle resonators in a frequency range of 30 kHz up to 1 MHz.



# Cont'd WP2 contributions BRUCO

- Future improvements:
  - The stability of buffer-circuit.
  - More accurate amplitude control circuit.



# Technical Progress Summary

- Phase noise measured of 56 MHz osc demo
  - Near carrier noise superior wrt. competition
- Temperature drift cancelation demonstrated
  - Temperature drift reduced to 170 ppm between 30-100C
- Vacuum packaging improved
  - Very high Q  $\sim 100.000$  obtained under ambient conditions
- Back-end wafer process flow under development
  - Grinding tests on WLTFP on-going
- Ultra-low power driver IC for RTC designed and tested
  - Driver IC will be combined with 30kHz resonator in near future